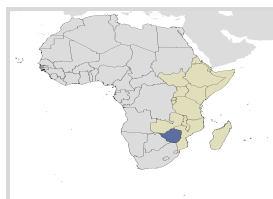


# Zimbabwe

## Human Papillomavirus and Related Cancers, Fact Sheet 2017 (2017-04-19)



### I. Key data on HPV and HPV-related cancers



Zimbabwe has a population of 4.68 millions women ages 15 years and older who are at risk of developing cervical cancer. Current estimates indicate that every year 2270 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer and 1451 die

from the disease. Cervical cancer ranks as the 1st most frequent cancer among women in Zimbabwe and the 2nd most frequent cancer among women between 15 and 44 years of age. Data is not yet available on the HPV burden in the general population of Zimbabwe. However, in Eastern Africa, the region Zimbabwe belongs to, about 4.8% of women in the general population are estimated to harbour cervical HPV-16/18 infection at a given time, and 67.9% of invasive cervical cancers are attributed to HPVs 16 or 18.

**Table 1. Crude incidence rates of HPV-related cancers**

	Male	Female
Cervical cancer	-	34.5
Anal cancer	0.1	0.1
Vulva cancer	-	0.5
Vaginal cancer	-	0.1
Penile cancer	0.5	-
Pharynx (excluding nasopharynx)	0.1	0.0

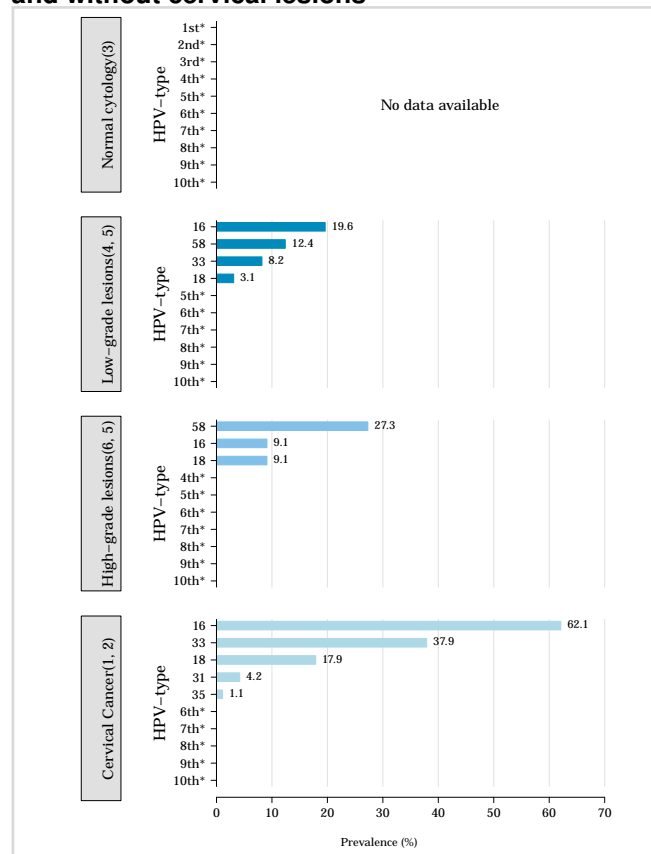
**Table 2. Burden of cervical cancer**

	Incidence	Mortality
Annual number of new cases/deaths	2270	1451
Crude rate	34.5	22.0
Age-standardized rate	56.4	35.3
Cumulative risk 0-74 years (%)	6.3	4.1
Ranking of cervical cancer (all years)	1st	1st
Ranking of cervical cancer (15-44 years)	2nd	1st

**Table 3. Burden of cervical HPV infection Zimbabwe**

	No. Tested	% (95% CI)
HPV prevalence in women with normal cytology	186	24.7 (19.1-31.4)
HPV 16/18 prevalence:		
Normal cytology	-	--
Low-grade cervical lesions	97	22.7 (15.5-32.0)
High-grade cervical lesions	11	18.2 (5.1-47.7)
Cervical cancer	95	80.0 (70.9-86.8)

**Figure 1. Comparison of the ten most frequent HPV oncogenic types in Zimbabwe among women with and without cervical lesions**



\*No data available. No more types than shown were tested or were positive.

# Zimbabwe

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### II. Complementary data on cervical cancer prevention

**Table 4. Factors contributing to cervical cancer (co-factors)**

Smoking prevalence (%), women	-
Total fertility rate (live births per women)	4.1
Hormonal contraception use (%) (pill, injectable or implant), among women	52.3
HIV prevalence (%), adults (15-49 years)	16.7 [15.9 - 17.5]

**Table 5. Sexual behaviour**

MEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	5
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	20.5-20.9
WOMEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	5
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	18.1-20.0

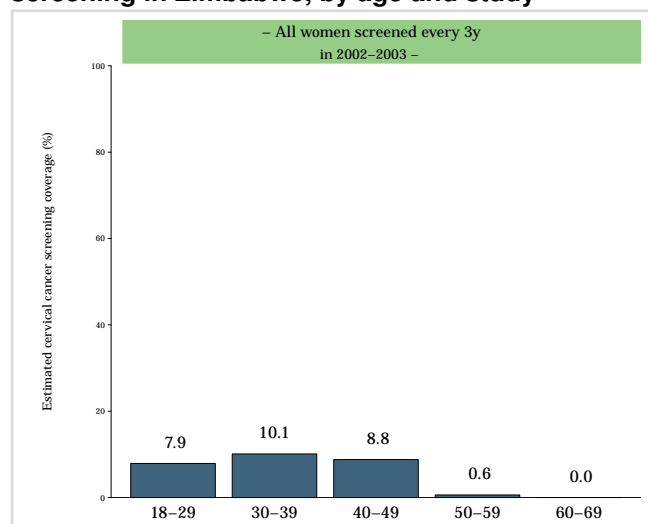
**Table 6. HPV vaccine introduction**

HPV vaccination programme	Pilot program
Date of HPV vaccination routine immunization programme start	2014
HPV vaccination target age for routine immunization	-
Full course HPV vaccination coverage for routine immunization:	
% (calendar year)	-

**Table 7. Cervical screening practices and recommendations**

Cervical cancer screening coverage, % (age and screening interval, reference)	9.4% (All women aged 25-64 screened every 3y, WHS 2003 Zimbabwe)
Screening ages (years)	25-59
Screening interval (years) or frequency of screens	3 years

**Figure 2. Estimated coverage of cervical cancer screening in Zimbabwe, by age and study**



#### Contact information:

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