Congo



Human Papillomavirus and Related Cancers, Fact Sheet 2023 (2023-03-10)

I. Key data on HPV and HPV-related cancers



Congo has a population of 1.75 million women ages 15 years and older who are at risk of developing cervical cancer. Current estimates indicate that every year 350 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer and 214 die from the disease. Cervical cancer ranks as the 2nd most frequent cancer among women in Congo and the 2nd most frequent cancer among women between 15 and 44

years of age. Data is not yet available on the HPV burden in the general population of Congo. However, in Africa, about 3.8% of women in the general population are estimated to harbour cervical HPV-16/18 infection at a given time, and 67.2% of invasive cervical cancers are attributed to HPVs 16 or 18.

Table 1. Crude incidence rates of HPV-related cancers

	Male	Female
Cervical cancer	-	12.7
Anal cancer	0.62	0.65
Vulva cancer	-	0.69
Vaginal cancer	-	0.18
Penile cancer	0	-
Oropharyngeal cancer	0.04	0
Oral cavity cancer	0.25	0.33
Laryngeal cancer	0.25	0.07

Table 2. Burden of cervical cancer

	Incidence	Mortality
Annual number of new cases/deaths	350	214
Crude rate	12.7	7.75
Age-standarized rate	22.4	14.2
Cumulative risk 0-74 years (%)	2.63	1.64
Ranking of cervical cancer (all years)	2nd	1st
Ranking of cervical cancer (15-44 years)	2nd	3rd

Table 3. Burden of cervical HPV infection Congo

	No. Tested	% (95% CI)
HPV 16/18 prevalence:		
Normal cytology	-	-
Low-grade cervical lesions	-	-
High-grade cervical lesions	-	-
Cervical cancer	-	-

Figure 1. Comparison of the ten most frequent HPV oncogenic types in Congo among women with and without cervical lesions

No data available

Congo



Human Papillomavirus and Related Cancers, Fact Sheet 2023 (2023-03-10)

II. Complementary data on cervical cancer prevention

Table 4. Factors contributing to cervical cancer (cofactors)

10.000,	
Smoking prevalence (%) [95% UI], women	1.7 [0.7-2.8]
Total fertility rate (live births per women)	4.6
Hormonal contraception use (%)	4.70
HIV prevalence (%) [95% UI] (15-49 years)	3.7 [2.8-5]

Table 5. Sexual behaviour

Table of Coxaal Bellavical	
MEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	24.0
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	16.3 - 17.6
WOMEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	23.0
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	15.6 - 16.6

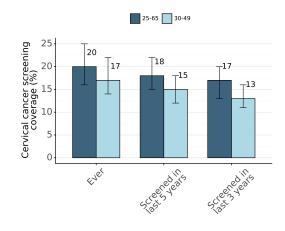
Table 6. HPV vaccine introduction

Females	
HPV vaccination programme	Not Available/Not Introduced
Year of introduction	-
Year of estimation	-
HPV coverage - first dose (%)	-
HPV coverage – last dose (%)	-
Males	
HPV vaccination programme	Not Available/Not Introduced
Year of introduction	-
Year of estimation	-
HPV coverage – first dose (%)	-
HPV coverage – last dose (%)	-

Table 7. Cervical screening practices and recommendations

Existence of official national rec-	No
ommendations	
Starting year of recommendations	-
Active invitation to screening	-
Screening ages (years), pri-	-
mary screening test used, and	
screening interval or frequency of	
screenings	

Figure 2. Estimated coverage of cervical cancer screening in Congo*



^{*} Estimated coverage and 95% confidence interval in 2019

Contact information:

ICO/IARC HPV Information Centre

Institut Català d'Oncologia

Avda. Gran Via de l'Hospitalet, 199-203

08908 L'Hospitalet de Llobregat (Barcelona, Spain)

info@hpvcentre.net

www.hpvcentre.net